

Cantine and Brooks. Nothing definitive has yet been concluded.

Shenondahoi, the principal chief and counsellor of the Oneidas, has been very ill since his arrival in this city; at the conference, on Friday, he was brought to the council-fire on a litter, but was too much indisposed to take any part in the deliberations. It is said he is now on the recovery. Captain John, another chief, is quite ill.

PHILADELPHIA, September 23.

Extract of a letter from a respectable character, dated Bermuda, August 3, via Norfolk.

"It may not be amiss to inform you, that the privateers from this island are bringing in all vessels from France indiscriminately, and all vessels from the continent bound to France with provisions on board. The Hamilton, from Alexandria, for France, arrived a few days ago. There are here now eighteen sail of American ships and brigs, and the conduct they are now observing to the captains and crews is highly alarming and cruel. They leave no person on board the captured vessel, except the captain. The mates, seamen, passengers, &c. are kept on board the privateers, or ships of war, during the cruise, and made to do duty.

Letters by this day's mail from New-York continue to detail the unpleasant circumstances attendant on the raging sickness in that city.—The change of the weather has not produced any favourable change in relation to the disorder.—The alarm has at length become general, and the people are moving out of the city in great numbers. The markets are very thinly attended—sixteen stalls are said to be vacated in the Fly Market.

The butchers of Philadelphia acquired great credit in the time of the yellow fever in this city, by continuing to attend the market through the whole time. Those of New-York, will, we doubt not, follow in good example. Thousands must remain at all events in the city, and those thousands must be fed.

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman now in London, dated July 22, received by the Montezuma.

"You no doubt have had accounts before this of the intention of the ministry of this country to arm the emigrant French, which by the bye is merely to get rid of them, and land them on Belle-Isle: It is also said that Earl Moira with fourteen regiments meant also to embark with them, but the more thinking part of this country say, his lordship has more prudence. Our flag is daily meeting with insults from the British navy; there is scarcely a day but one or more American vessels are brought into some one port in this kingdom; they have their freight paid them, all charges, and ten per cent. on the invoice."

Extract of a letter from Norfolk, dated September 17.

"The fever which has prevailed in our town for some time past, is abated very considerably—for four days there have been scarcely any deaths. We are in hopes it has entirely subsided. It has proved most fatal to strangers, and amongst the sailors. It has a bad effect upon our business; for accounts have been so exaggerated, and so gloomy a picture drawn of our situation, that people are afraid to come here.

"I purposed leaving home for the northward, about this time, but begin to think I must decline it, as I do not think it would be safe to go at present; for if a man who goes from Norfolk should happen to fall sick abroad, people become very shy of him."

WILMINGTON, September 25.

We learn from an intelligent French correspondent, that a treaty of peace, between France and England, is actually on the tapis at Paris; and that the only thing that may probably retard its progress with the convention is, that the English insist on all the French islands in America being declared independent, and that independence to be guaranteed by the maritime powers.—Our correspondent thinks this will be a choak-pear, unless the English, on similar terms, emancipate also their American islands.

Annapolis, October 1.

To the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

THE period is rapidly approaching when you will be called on to elect members of the house of representatives. At all times it is essential to the preservation of our civil rights, that we should be cautious in the choice of those men who are to compose our delegation. The present crisis of public affairs demands, in a peculiar manner, the exertions of every friend to our government, and particularly the inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county. The daring spirit of innovation has erected its standards in different parts of the state, and meditates an attack on some of our most important privileges. Our invaluable judiciary has received the sanction of experience; and every candid citizen will testify, that the fruits of his industry have been amply protected by its pure and uncorrupted administration. But certain factious demagogues in society declare, that convenience points out the propriety of a change. I would ask, whether there is not at present a seat of justice at almost every man's door? but should he suppose that popular clamour and false prejudices in his own county would preclude him from a fair and impartial trial, why not invite him to a superior jurisdiction, where his cause may receive a fair and candid discussion, and meet a decision agreeably to its merits. The same phalanx who oppose the judiciary are equally clamorous against our seminaries of learning. Regardless of consequences, they try to captivate the passions of persons who have not investigated the subjects, by inculcating the ideas of oppressive systems and aristocratic institutions.

I will answer their arguments against the colleges by the undeniable position, that there cannot be to great a security for the continuation of our civil and religious rights, as to make all classes of citizens familiarized to them. Knowledge leads us to contemplate the basis of our constitution, inspires us with a love of liberty, and a detestation of oppression; it affords us timely premonition of the approaches of arbitrary power, by enabling us to judge when, and in what manner, freedom was encroached, or individual right infringed. It is the best guard and security of constitutional liberty, and ever will prove a firm barrier against the introduction of slavery.

If my representations are just, let us, my fellow-citizens, unite in supporting that judiciary which has proved its utility, and those colleges that are training the future guardians of freedom, and the ornaments of our country. Let us vigilantly guard against those changes in the administration of government which affect the vital principles of our constitution. Frequent changes enervate government, and will invariably, situated as we are, leave a vibration towards anarchy. As instability increases, licentiousness moves on in equal progression. Its gradation resembles the progress of some diseases which are incidental to animal bodies. If remedies are applied in time, their malignity may be averted, and health firmly established; but if their virulence is permitted to extend itself, and collect strength by continuance, then may be apprehended fatal consequences, and the total dissolution of the animal system will be inevitable. Let us, then, make every effort to check the prevalent spirit of disorganization, and support our constitution and laws, unless it is clearly demonstrated that their operations are unjust and oppressive. Let us, at the ensuing election, candidly and deliberately examine who of the candidates are best calculated to promote our interest. Our former delegation was composed of men of amiable characters and sound understandings. Such men may be adequate to particular seasons. But the next session of assembly will involve your general as well as local welfare. I reside in a part of the county which places me above the influence of private interest. I have no property in Annapolis to be enhanced by public offices, but I feel for the happiness of society and the prosperity of our country. There is a candidate whom I have not the honour of being personally acquainted with, but his superior talents are generally acknowledged, and his patriotism and zeal for the public good have been sufficiently proved. He has filled different departments under our government, and has discharged the various duties resulting from his appointments with honour and reputation to himself, and dignity to his country. He is the warm advocate of those measures in which we are immediately interested, and his powers of oratory enable him to expose the fallacy of those new born systems which have been ushered into existence by a few mushroom heroes.

I have thus far, my fellow-citizens, ventured to address you on the present occasion, not presuming to press myself upon you in a dictatorial style, but barely recommending to your serious attention the urgent necessity of electing a man, whose virtue is equal, and whose abilities greatly transcend, the other candidates. My observations on the judiciary and colleges have been the effusion of a moment, and not intended as a complete defence. But if the cultivation of my farm will permit me, and no abler pen appears to support them, I will follow our juvenile politicians to the source from whence their new fangled plans have originated, and paint them to the world in such colours as their temerity deserves.

A VOTER.

Elk-Ridge.

* * * The officers commanding company's in the 22d regiment of militia, are requested to meet, at Mr. WHARFE'S, in the city of Annapolis, on Thursday the 8th day of October, in order to fix on the day and place of meeting in regiment, agreeably to law.

JOHN GASSAWAY, Lieut. Col.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the nineteenth day of October next, at the subscribers, on the head of South-river,

A PARCEL of likely country born NEGROES, consisting of men, women and children, half of a fein, and other property.

JOHN WATKINS,
ANNE WATKINS, Executrix of
THOS. RUTLAND, of Thos.

N. B. ALL persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Rutland, of Thos. are desired, for the last time, to bring them in, legally authenticated, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office at Port-Tobacco, which will be sent to the General Post-Office, as dead letters, if not taken up by the first of December next.

CHARLES COX, Port-Tobacco, Maryland; Sarah Ferguson, Moab Freeman, Charles county; Otha Garner, Charles county; Benjamin Ogle, Mrs. Smute, Charles county, Pickawaxon.

ELEAZAR DAVIS, P. M.

To all whom it may concern,

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have been a long time confined in gaol for debts I am unable to discharge, and that I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly for an act to discharge me as an insolvent debtor.

JOSEPH BRISCOE.
Kent County, Maryland, August 31, 1795.

LANDS for SALE

By virtue of a decree of the honourable the chancellor of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, by the subscriber, trustee appointed for that purpose, to the highest bidder, at Piscataway, in Prince-George's county, on Thursday the 27th day of October next, if fair, if not the first fair day, at the hour of twelve o'clock in the day, at Mr. Koone's Tavern, for the purpose of satisfying the principal and interest due on a mortgage from JOSEPH NOBLE BAYNES to WILLIAM HOPKINSON, amounting, on the first of October last, to the sum of £ 2310 14 7 current money, and also to satisfy the costs of suit and other expences arising from the sale of said property.

ALL those two parts or parcels of a TRACT of LAND, called WADES ADVENTURE, containing 218 acres, more or less. All that tract of land, called CRAPPI, containing 37 acres, more or less, also all that other tract of land, called ROSS COMMON, containing 100 acres of land, more or less, lying in Prince-George's county, and contiguous to the town of Piscataway. This valuable property lying near to or upon navigable water, not many miles distant from Alexandria and the City of Washington, has a fair prospect of speedy appreciation in value, and of being a desirable object to adventurers in land. The terms of sale will be for READY MONEY, or money to be paid immediately on the chancellor's ratification of the sale. The lands will be sold either entire or in parcels, as on the day of sale may appear most advantageous.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Trustee.
Annapolis, September 28, 1795.

On TUESDAY the 24th day of November next, if fair, if not on the first fair day, at twelve o'clock, at Messieurs Yates and Campbell's vendue store, in Baltimore-town, will be OFFERED for SALE, the following property, to wit:

A TRACT or parcel of LAND, in Baltimore county, called CARROLL'S SCRUTINY, originally surveyed for 575 acres, formerly the property of the PRINCIPIO COMPANY, confiscated, purchased of the State of Maryland by Mr. Mark Alexander, and from which purchase he hath been released. This land will be sold on a credit of two years from the first day of December next, one half of the principal and interest on the whole, to be paid on or before the first day of December, 1796, and the remaining half and interest thereon to be paid on or before the first day of December, 1797. Two-thirds of the principal may be paid in depreciation or other liquidated specie certificates, issued by the State of Maryland, or six per cent. stock of the United States, or specie; one third in the deferred stock of the United States, or specie, and the interest in specie only. Bonds with approved security will be required of the purchaser immediately, and should he refuse or neglect to give bond, with good security, when required, he subjects himself to all loss, if any, on a second sale, and the expence attending this sale. A late survey has been made of this land, and the plot may be seen by applying to major Thomas Yates, of Baltimore-town.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Agent
of the State of Maryland.
Annapolis, September 28, 1795.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber informs the debtors to the State of Maryland, that the instalments on their bonds become due the first day of December next, and respectfully begs leave to call their attention to a punctual payment of the same.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Agent.
Annapolis, September 28, 1795.

On Thursday the 8th of October next, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, if not sold at private sale before that day, on the premises,

TWO valuable tracts of LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, part of ANNE-ARUNDEL MANOR, near Mount Pleasant, containing two hundred and seventy-one and a half acres; the tracts lay within a mile of each other, and will be sold together, or separate, which may best suit the purchaser, one contains 193½, the other 77½ acres. Also some negroes, stock, and many other articles. Terms of sale will be made known on that day, by

RICHARD WELLS.

September 24, 1795.

JOHN RIGBY, STAYMAKER.

BEGS leave to inform his customers, and the public in general, that he has returned to this city, where he intends continuing the above business in all its branches, with neatness and dispatch, in the shop he formerly occupied, next door to Messrs. Ridgely & Evans's store; he returns his sincere thanks for the encouragement he has hitherto met with from his numerous customers, in this and the adjacent counties; he trusts, from an uniform attention to business, to meet a continuance of past favours. Ladies living at a distance may have stays to fit them by measuring in the following manner,

1. From the top of the breast to the peek end.
 2. From the top of the back to the lower lace hole.
 3. Round the body close under the arms.
 4. Round the waist.
 5. Cross the breast from arm to arm.
- N. B. Ladies jackets made in the newest fashion.